

Management Plan for
Antarctic Specially Protected Area (ASPA) 158
for Historic Site and Monument No. 18
(containing the historic *Discovery* hut of Captain R F Scott)

HUT POINT, ROSS ISLAND
(*Lat. 77° 50' 50"S, Long. 166° 38'E*).

1 Description of Values to be Protected

The significant historic value of this Area was formally recognised when it was designated as Historic Site and Monument No. 18 in Recommendation 9 (1972). It was designated as Specially Protected Area No. 28 in Measure 1 (1998) and redesignated as Antarctic Specially Protected Area 158 in Decision 1 (2002).

The hut was built in February 1902 during the National Antarctic (*Discovery*) Expedition of 1901-1904, led by Captain Robert Falcon Scott who later found it a valuable advance staging point for journeys on the "Barrier" during his 1910-1913 expedition. It was also used by Sir Ernest Shackleton during the 1907-1909 British Antarctic Expedition and later by his stranded Ross Sea Party during the Imperial Trans-Antarctic Expedition of 1914-1917. This building was prefabricated in Australia to an 'outback' design with verandahs on three sides.

The Hut Point site is one of the principal sites of early human activity in Antarctica. It is an important symbol of the Heroic Age of Antarctic exploration and, as such, has considerable historical significance. Some of the earliest advances in the study of earth sciences, meteorology, flora and fauna in Antarctica are associated with the *Discovery* Expedition based at this site. The history of these activities and the contribution they have made to the understanding and awareness of Antarctica give this Area significant scientific, aesthetic and historic values.

2 Aims and Objectives

The aim of the Management Plan is to provide protection for the Area and its features so that its values can be preserved. The objectives of the Plan are to:

- avoid degradation of, or substantial risk to, the values of the Area;
- maintain the historic values of the Area through planned conservation work which may include:
 - a. an annual 'on-site' maintenance programme,
 - b. a programme of monitoring the condition of artefacts and structures, and the factors which affect them, and
 - c. a programme of conservation of artefacts conducted on and off site;
- allow management activities which support the protection of the values and features of the Area including recording of any relevant historic data; and
- prevent unnecessary human disturbance to the Area, its features and artefacts through managed access to the *Discovery* hut.

3 Management Activities

- A regular programme of conservation work shall be undertaken on the *Discovery* hut and associated artefacts in the Area;
- Visits shall be made as necessary for management purposes;
- Systematic monitoring shall be put in place to assess the impacts of present visitor limits, and the results and any related management recommendations included in reviews of this Management Plan;
- National Antarctic Programmes operating in, or those with an interest in, the Area shall consult together with a view to ensuring the above management activities are implemented.

4 Period of Designation

Designated for an indefinite period.

5 Description of the Area

5(i) Geographical coordinates, boundary markers and natural features

Hut Point is small ice free area protruding south west from the Hut Point Peninsula and situated to the west of the United States McMurdo Station. The designated Area consists solely of the structure of the hut which is situated near the south western extremity of Hut Point.

6(ii) Access to the Area

There are no designated helicopter landings sites in the vicinity of the hut as helicopters have the potential to damage the hut by blowing scoria and ice particles and to accelerate the abrasion of the hut and surrounding artefacts. Vehicles may approach the hut along the road leading from the United States McMurdo Station, or from the sea ice when safe conditions exist. During open water, landings from the by boat may be made to the north of the hut.

5(iii) Location of structures within and adjacent to the Area

The designated Area consists solely of the structure of the historic *Discovery* hut. Historic Site and Monument No. 17, a cross to the memory of G.T. Vince (a member of the *Discovery* expedition who died in the vicinity), is situated approximately 75 metres west of the hut.

5(iv) Location of other Protected Areas in the vicinity

ASPAs 121 (previously SSSI No. 1) and ASPA 158 (SPA No. 28), Cape Royds, are 32 kilometres north of Hut Point. ASPA 122 (SSSI No. 2), Arrival Heights, is 2 kilometres north of Hut Point on Hut Point Peninsula. ASPA 155 (SPA No. 25), Cape Evans, is 22 kilometres to the north of Hut Point. All sites are located on Ross Island.

6 Special Zones within the Area

There are no special zones within the Area.

7 Maps

Map A: Hut Point regional map. This map shows the wider environs of the Area with significant topographic features and the adjacent US McMurdo Station. Inset: shows the position of the site in relation to other protected sites on Ross Island.

Map B: Hut Point site map. This map shows the location of the historic hut, Vince's cross and other detail of the immediate environs.

8 Terms and Conditions for Entry Permits

Entry to the Area is prohibited except in accordance with a Permit. Permits shall be issued only by appropriate national authorities and may contain both general and specific conditions. A Permit may be issued by a national authority to cover a number of visits in a season. Parties operating in the Area shall consult together and with groups and organisations interested in visiting the Area to ensure that visitor numbers are not exceeded.

Permits to enter the site may be issued for a stated period for:

- activities related to conservation, research and/or monitoring purposes;
- management activities in support of the objectives of this Plan; and
- activities related to educational or recreational activities including tourism, providing they do not conflict with the objectives of this Plan.

8(i) Access to and movement within or over the Area

Control of numbers within the hut is necessary to prevent damage caused by crowding around the many vulnerable features within the hut. The maximum number within the hut at any time (including guides) shall be: **8 people**

Avoidance of cumulative impacts on the interior of the hut require an annual limit on visitor numbers. The effects of current visitor levels (average 1033 per year between 1998 and 2004) suggest that an increase of more than 100% could cause significant adverse impacts. The annual maximum number of visitors shall be: **2000 people**

These limits have been based on current visitor levels and on the best advice available from conservation advisory agencies (which include conservators, archaeologists, historians, museologists and other heritage protection professionals). The limits are based on the proposition that any significant increase in the current level of visitors would be detrimental to the values to be protected. An ongoing monitoring programme to assess the effect of visitors is required to provide the basis for future reviews of the Management Plan, in particular whether the current limits on numbers of visitors to the area are appropriate.

Adequate supervision of visits to the Area is necessary to prevent damage caused by crowding and by actions inconsistent with the Code of Conduct set out in section 8(vii). All tourism, educational and

recreational visits must be supervised by an experienced guide nominated by the operator (refer section 8(ix)).

8(ii) Activities which may be conducted within the Area

Activities which may be conducted within the Area include:

- visits for conservation purposes;
- educational and/or recreational visits including tourism;
- scientific activity which does not detract from the values of the Area.

Visitors should adhere to the following Code of Conduct, except where conservation, research, monitoring or management activities specified in the Permit require otherwise:

- Thoroughly clean grit and scoria, ice and snow from boots using the brushes provided before entering the hut to reduce floor abrasion;
- Remove any clothing made wet by sea water, and any sea ice crystals from boots, as salt particles accelerate corrosion of metal objects;
- Do not touch, move or sit on any items or furniture in the huts - handling artefacts causes damage;
- As many areas are cramped and artefacts can be accidentally bumped, do not wear packs inside.
- When moving around the sites, take great care not to tread on any items which may be obscured by snow;
- Use of combustion style lanterns, naked flames or smoking in or around the huts is prohibited, as fire is a major risk; and
- Visits should be recorded in the book provided. This allows times and levels of visitation to be correlated with temperature and humidity data automatically logged inside the hut.

8(iii) Installation, modification or removal of structures

No alteration to the structure shall be made, except for conservation purposes or scientific activities that do not detract from the values of the Area as specified in 1. No historic structure shall be removed from the Area, unless specified in a Permit issued in accordance with the provisions of section 8(viii).

8(iv) Location of field camps

Use of the historic hut for living purposes is not permitted.

8(v) Restrictions on materials and organisms which may be brought into the Area

No living animals, or material, soil or micro-organisms shall be introduced to the Area.

No food products shall be taken into the Area.

Chemicals may only be introduced for permitted scientific or conservation purposes. Chemicals (including fuel) or other materials are not to be left in the Area, unless required for essential purposes connected with

the conservation of the historic structure or the associated relics. All materials are to be removed when no longer required and before a date to be specified in the relevant Permit.

8(vi) Taking or harmful interference with native flora and fauna

There are no native flora or fauna within the designated Area.

8(vii) Collection of anything not imported by the Permit Holder

Material may be collected and removed from the Area only for conservation purposes, or scientific reasons consistent with the objectives of this Plan, and only when specified in a Permit issued by the appropriate national authority.

Materials which pose a threat to the environment or human health may be removed from the Area for disposal, in accordance with a Permit, where they meet one or more of the following criteria:

1. the artefact presents a threat to the environment, wildlife or human health and safety;
2. it is in such poor condition that it is not reasonably possible to conserve it;
3. it does not contribute in any significant way to our understanding of the hut, its occupants or the history of Antarctica;
4. it does not contribute to, or it detracts from, the visual qualities of the site or the hut, and/or;
5. it is not a unique or rare item;

and where such action is:

1. undertaken by parties with appropriate heritage conservation expertise; and
2. part of an overall plan for conservation work at the site.

National authorities should ensure that any removal of artefacts and assessment against the above criteria is carried out by personnel with appropriate heritage conservation expertise.

Artefacts judged to be of high historic value, which cannot be conserved on site with currently available techniques, may be removed in accordance with a Permit for storage in a controlled environment until such time as they can safely be returned to the Area.

8(viii) Disposal of waste

All human waste, grey water and other waste generated by work parties or visitors shall be removed from the Area.

8(ix) Measures that may be necessary to ensure that the aims and objectives of the plan continue to be met.

1. The Permit, or an authorized copy, shall be carried within the Area.
2. Information on the requirements of this plan shall be provided to all visitors.
3. The Code of Conduct set out in section 8(ii) shall be followed by all visitors, except where conservation, research, monitoring or management purposes require otherwise.

4. Operators facilitating educational and recreational visits (including tourism) to the Area shall, prior to commencement of the summer season, nominate people with a working knowledge of both the site and this Management Plan to act as guides during visits.
5. All educational and recreational visits (including tourism) shall be supervised by a nominated guide, who is responsible for briefing visitors on the code of conduct and ensuring it is complied with.
6. Parties shall consult and coordinate to develop skills and resources, particularly those related to conservation and preservation techniques, to assist with the protection of the Area's values.

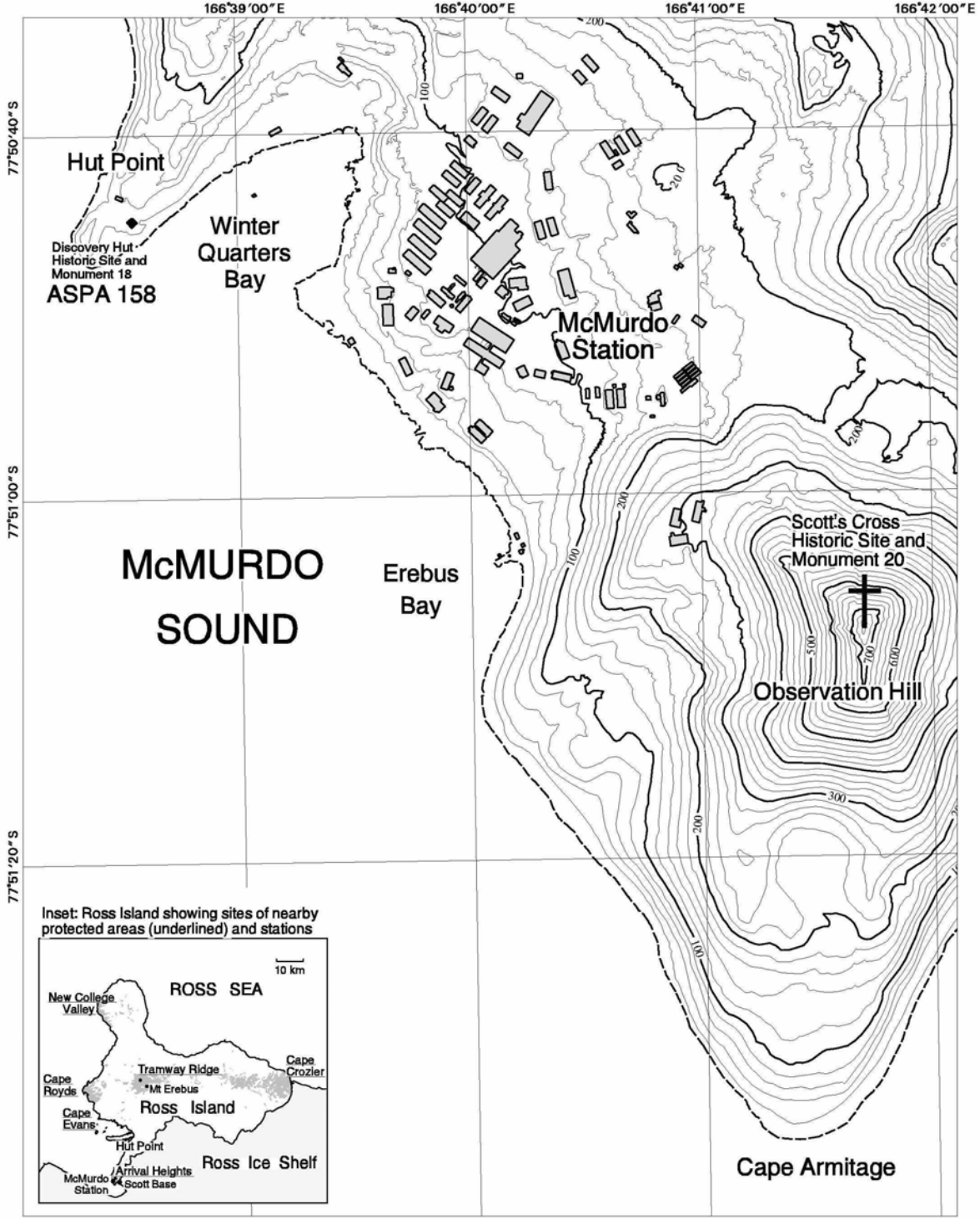
8(x) Requirements for reports

Parties shall ensure that the principal holder for each Permit issued submits to the appropriate authority a report describing the activities undertaken. Such reports shall include, as appropriate, the information identified in the Visit Report Form provided in Appendix 4 of Resolution 2 (1998). In addition, any removal of materials in accordance with section 8(viii) shall be detailed, including the reason for removal and the current location of the items or the date of disposal. Any return of such items to the site shall also be reported.

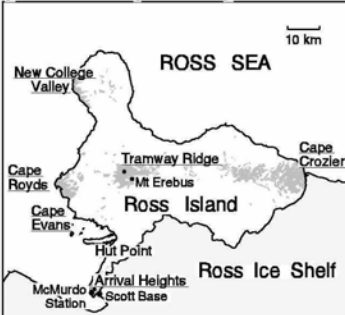
9 Exchange of Information

Parties shall maintain a record of activities within the Area and, in the Annual Exchange of Information, shall provide summary descriptions of activities conducted by persons subject to their jurisdiction, in sufficient detail to allow evaluation of the effectiveness of the Management Plan. Parties should wherever possible deposit originals or copies of such reports in a publicly accessible archive to maintain a record of visitation, to be used both for review of the Management Plan and in managing further visitation to the site.

Map A - Historic Hut, Hut Point, Ross Island, Antarctic Specially Protected Area 158:
Regional Topographic Map



Inset: Ross Island showing sites of nearby protected areas (underlined> and stations



0 metres 250
Note: Contours in feet (interval: 20 ft)



- Estimated coastline
- Historic building (protected area)
- Other buildings

Projection: Lambert conformal conic
Spheroid: WGS84

Source: Hut Point historic area management plan